

RISUS - Journal on Innovation and Sustainability Volume 6, número 1 – 2015 ISSN: 2179-3565 Editor Científico: Arnoldo José de Hoyos Guevara Editora Assistente: Letícia Sueli de Almeida Avaliação: Melhores práticas editoriais da ANPAD

## **Editorial**

Somehow things seems to be changing even faster lately, so we start this first number of Volume 6 with a paper related to Empowerment of Women as a resource to foster Innovation, and hence Development, as indicated by the very recent OECD report on Inequality In It Together: Why Less Inequality Benefits All; then we go to the second item considered by the OECD report as critical, after the problem of Gender, which is the one concerning Education and in this case with a paper focusing Teacher Education for Sustainability in Pakistan, which may be complemented with one using bibliometric analysis on the use of e-technology in Education. Next we choose to include a paper that dealing with Imitation and limited Innovation in Emerging Countries. The rest of the papers lead with an interesting variety of topics, there is one related to the Financial Area working with conditional expectations to determine risk-return relationships, another one on Human Resources leading with a persona design method to identify leadership Business skills. Somehow this one is complemented by a study leading with Project Managers skills considered on the PMBOKs; and in particular analyzing the complexity involved of the flowchart on the network analysis of the processes for which Graph theory may help to visualize the links involved, this is the topic of the next paper. According to latest ECLAC report (2105) although China represents for the Latin-American and the Caribbean's countries (LAC) the second main source of the region's imports and the third main destination for its exports there is still a great lack of export diversification, since just five products all of them commodities represent 75% of exports to China, and that needs to be changed. So it's very important to have a paper studying the case of Mexico in relation to that. Finally Waste Management problems keep growing all over our rapidly urbanized world. In Brazil in particular the problem is getting critical and needs to be considered the social and environmental impacts of the process that seem to be emerging around the country for recyclable materials collectors, as possible environmental agents, turning two problems into one solution which is the case of the one but last paper; and last but not least we have a paper on an interesting application of Six Sigma in the Automobile industry in Brazil.

## Arnoldo de Hoyos